emtrion
embedded systems

DIMM-Eco-Base Verno

HiCO.DIMM compliant baseboard

Hardware Description

Rev5 / 09.11.2012

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Revision: **5 / 09.11.2012**

Rev	Date/Signature	Changes
1	15.04.2011/Mt	First revision
2	31.05.2011/Mt	Changed DIMM-MX537 to DIMM-MX53x Deleted FIRI support of DIMM-MX53x Changed dimensional drawing
3	11.07.2012/Mt	Added the DIMM-EMEV2 as processor module Adapted the blockdiagrams (USB, GPIO) Adapted the USB Device (Type-B to Mini A/B) Changed two GPIO's Adapted the camera connector pin assignment Added the POWER_ON_BASE function Added the delayed reset function Added the capacitive touch interrupt Added the power jack pin assignment
4	23.08.2012/Mt	Ethernet connector is J10 and not J16 Updated pin assignment of connector J16
5	09.11.2012/Mt	Added the Core modules DIMM-MX6x and DIMM-AM335x Added the pin assignment for the connectors J14, J15, J10, J18 and J23

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1 Introduction

DIMM-Eco-Base Verno is an extension board based on the DIMM [1] interface standard from emtrion. The board currently supports several Core modules: DIMM-SH7723, DIMM-SH7724, DIMM-EMEV2, DIMM-MX257, DIMM-MX53x, DIMM-AM335x and DIMM-MX6x.

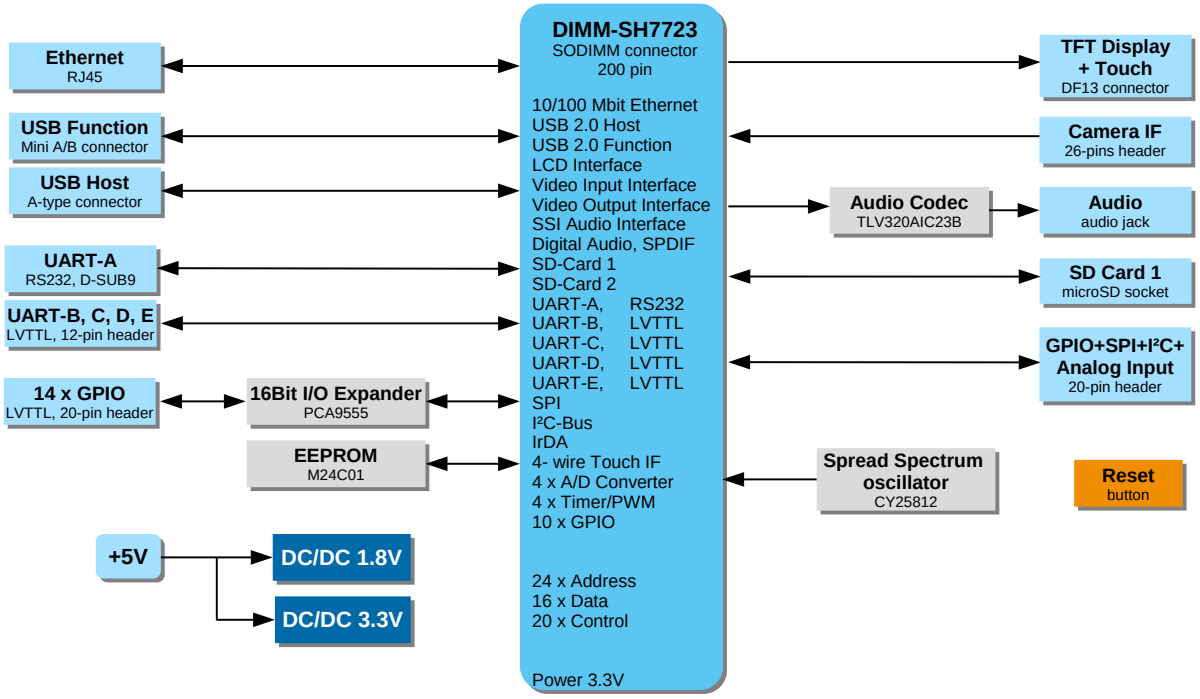
DIMM-Eco-Base Verno is intended to be used as a development platform and demonstrates the capabilities of the emtrion Core modules, as well as the advantages of the DIMM interface. Or it can be used in series products. Verno provides the important connectors that are needed to make a useful use of the Core module's features.

This Hardware manual describes the physical and electrical characteristics of the revision R4 board. It covers the use of Verno with all supported Core modules but only gives additional details that are specific to the base. For this reason, it has to be used together with the manuals of the Core.

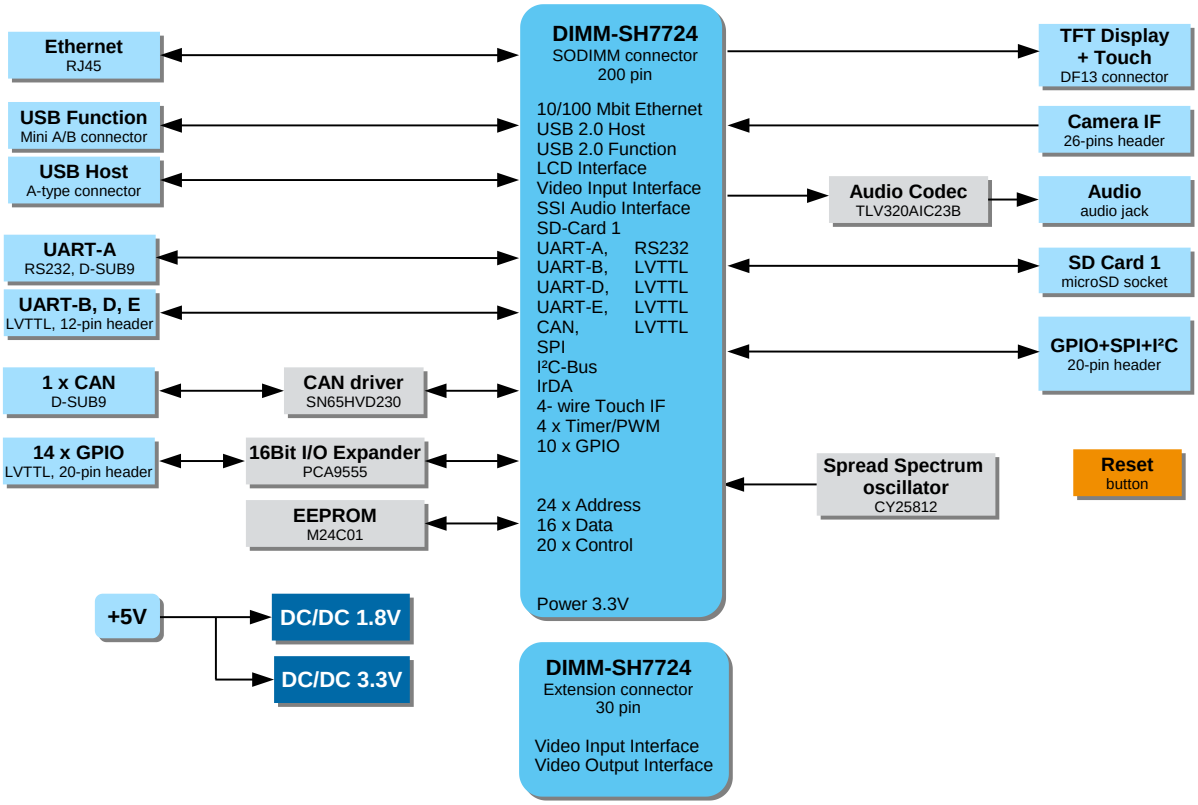
Most interfaces of the Verno base board are common to all Core modules. Relevant differences between these boards are explicitly mentioned in this manual.

2 Block Diagram

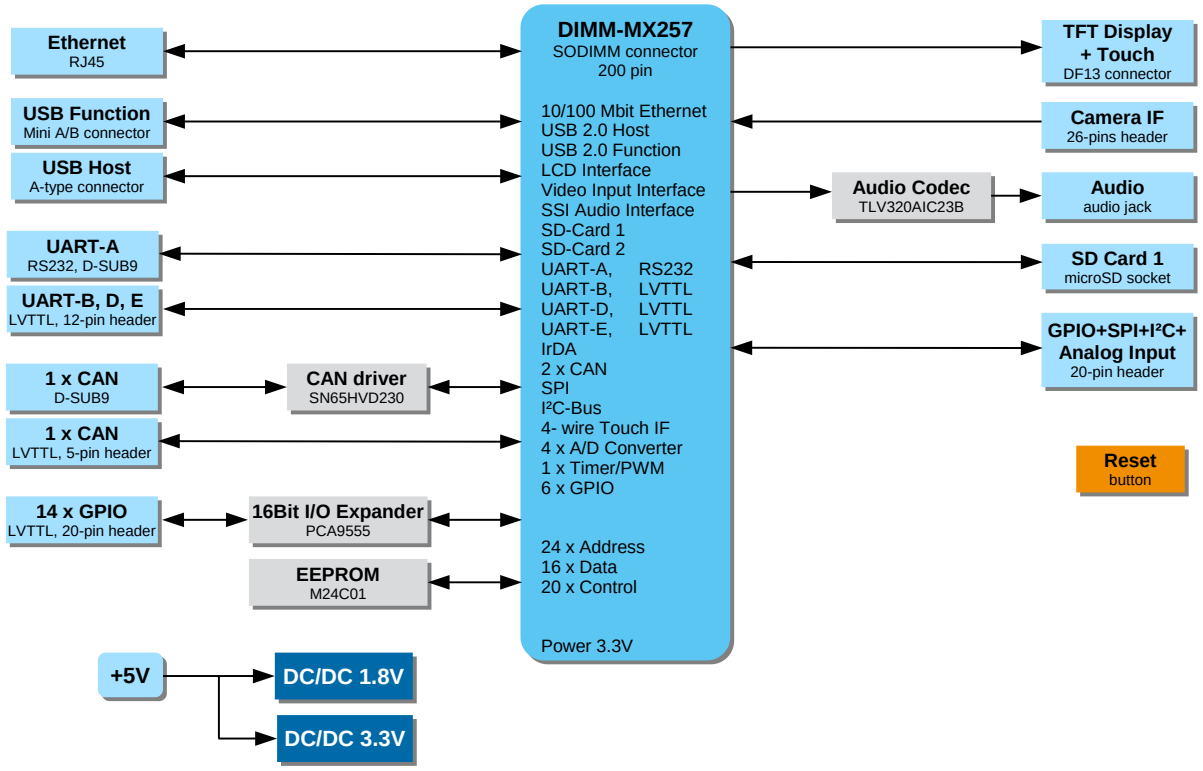
2.1 DIMM-SH7723



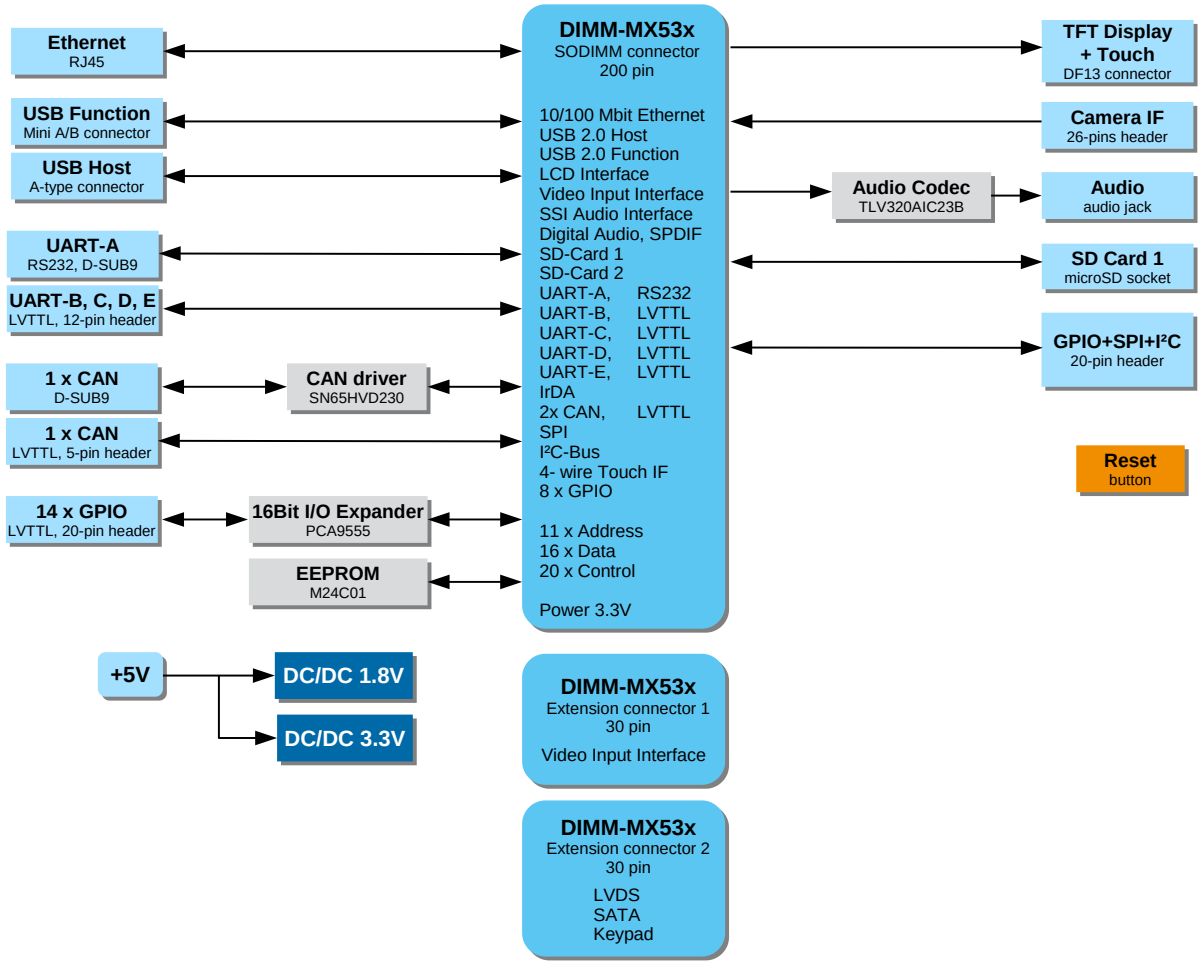
2.2 DIMM-SH7724



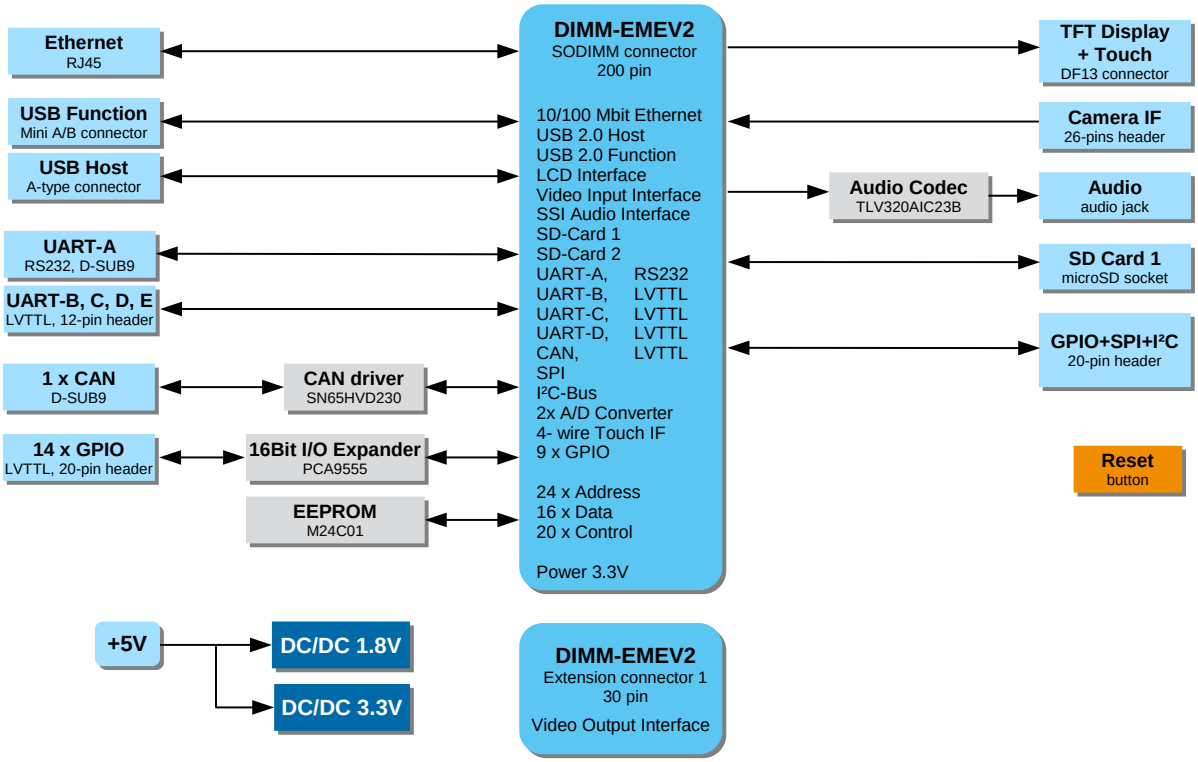
2.3 DIMM-MX257



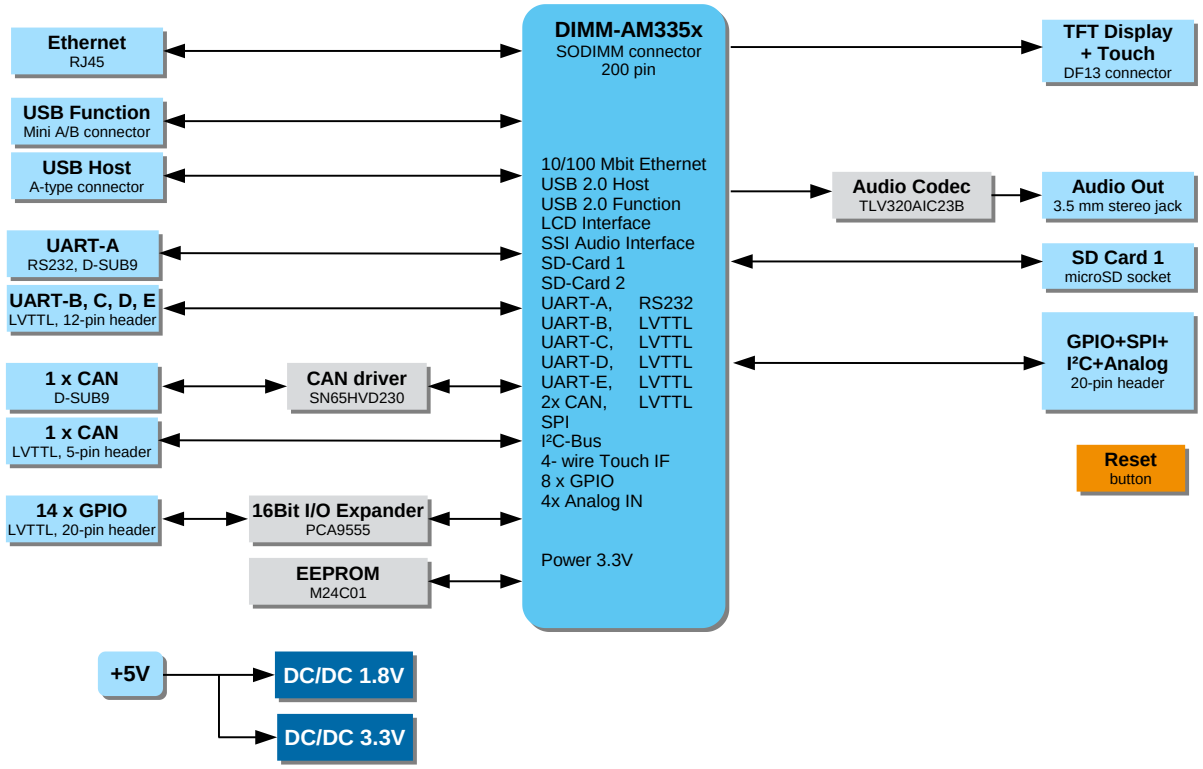
2.4 DIMM-MX53x



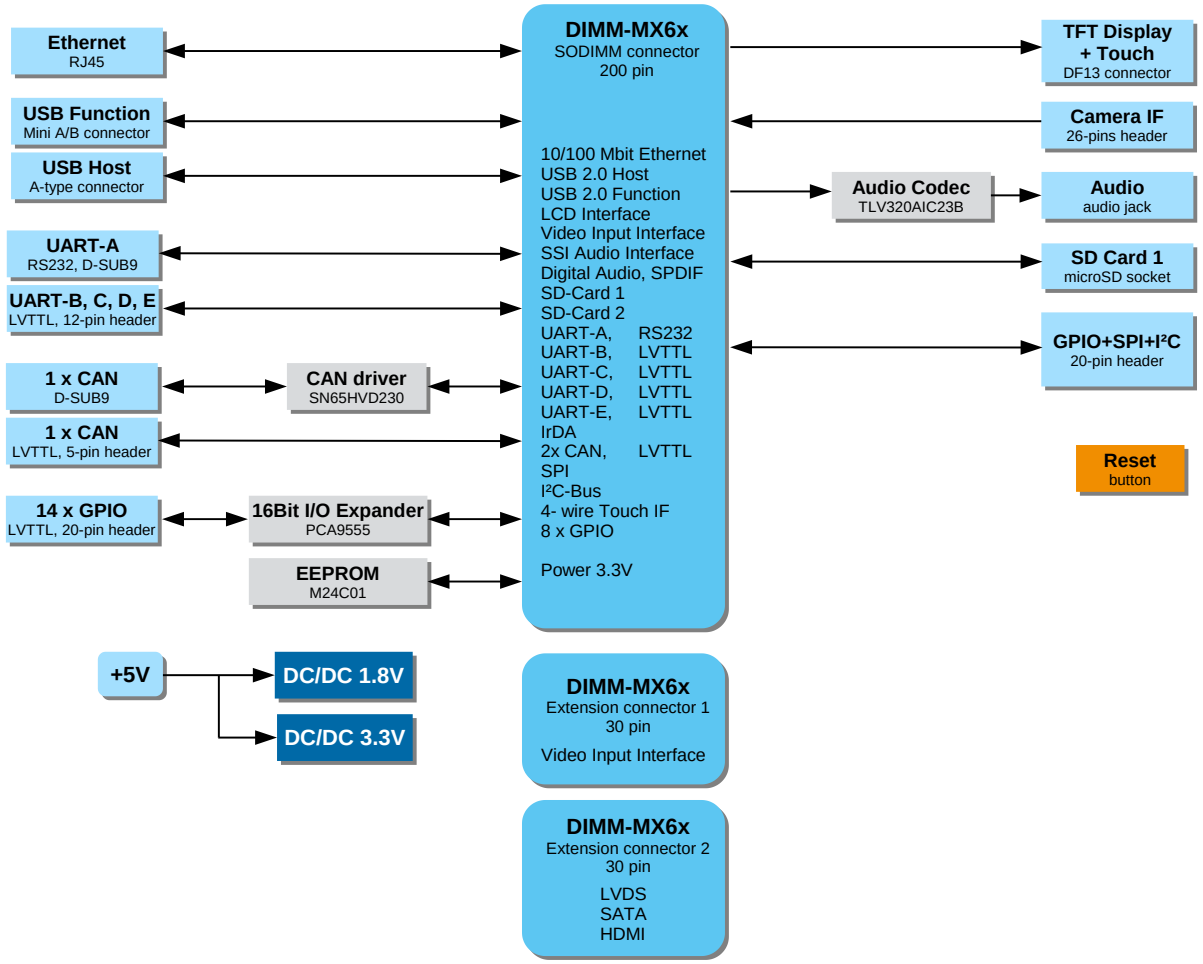
2.5 DIMM-EMEV2



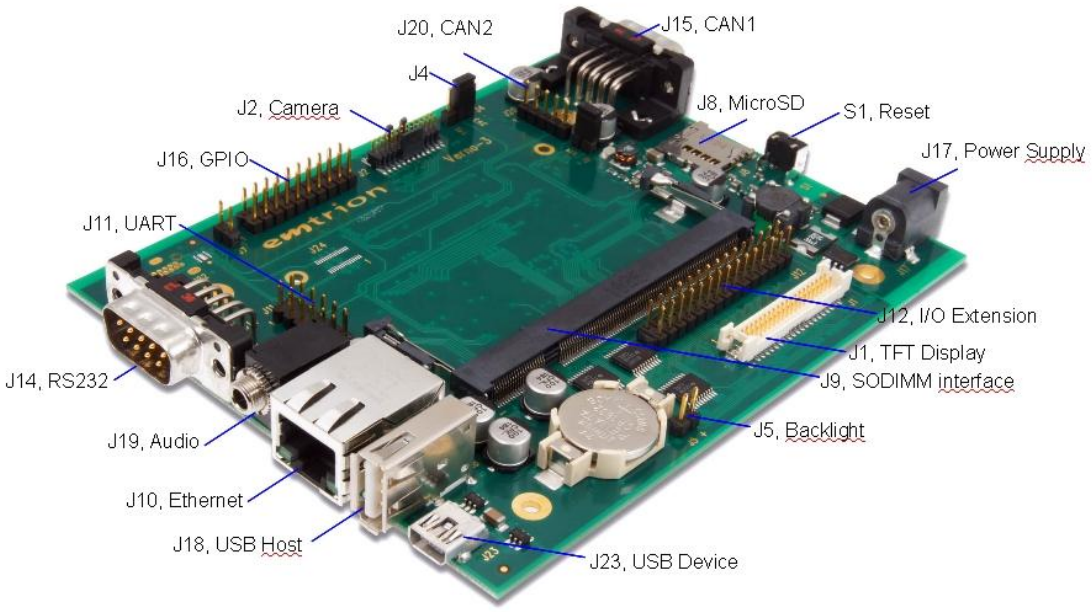
2.6 DIMM-AM335x



2.7 DIMM-MX6x


Ethernet
RJ45
USB Function
Mini A/B connector
USB Host
A-type connector
UART-A
RS232, D-SUB9
UART-B, C, D, E
LVTTL, 12-pin header
1 x CAN
D-SUB9
CAN driver
SN65HVD230
1 x CAN
LVTTL, 5-pin header
14 x GPIO
LVTTL, 20-pin header
16Bit I/O Expander
PCA9555
EEPROM
M24C01
+5V
DC/DC 1.8V
DC/DC 3.3V
DIMM-MX6x
SODIMM connector
200 pin
10/100 Mbit Ethernet
USB 2.0 Host
USB 2.0 Function
LCD Interface
Video Input Interface
SSI Audio Interface
Digital Audio, SPDIF
SD-Card 1
SD-Card 2
UART-A, RS232
UART-B, LVTTL
UART-C, LVTTL
UART-D, LVTTL
UART-E, LVTTL
IrDA
2x CAN, LVTTL
SPI
I²C-Bus
4- wire Touch IF
8 x GPIO
Power 3.3V
DIMM-MX6x
Extension connector 1
30 pin
Video Input Interface
DIMM-MX6x
Extension connector 2
30 pin
LVDS
SATA
HDMI
TFT Display
+ Touch
DF13 connector
Camera IF
26-pins header
Audio Codec
TLV320AIC23B
Audio
audio jack
SD Card 1
microSD socket
GPIO+SPI+I²C
20-pin header
Reset
button

3 Connector Overview



4 Handling Precautions

Please read the following notes prior to installing CPU module to the Verno base board. They apply to all ESD (electrostatic discharge) sensitive components:

- Before installing a CPU module the Verno base board needs to be configured depending on the used CPU module. Further information can be found later in this document.
- Before touching the base board it is recommended that you discharge yourself by touching a grounded object.
- Be sure all tools required for installation are electrostatic discharged as well.
- Before installing (or removing) a CPU module, unplug the power cable from your mains supply.
- Also switch off the power supply before plug or unplug cables at not ESD protected connectors.
- Handle the board with care and try to avoid touching its components or tracks.

5 First Configuration

Before installing a CPU module do the following configuration:

5.1 Ethernet

Because of different Ethernet Controllers the voltage for the LAN transformer must be configured depending on the used CPU module. This can be done with the jumper J4 near the CAN connector.

The following table shows the jumper position:

CPU module	Position
DIMM-SH7723	1V8
DIMM-SH7724	3V3
DIMM-MX257	3V3
DIMM-MX53x	3V3
DIMM-EMEV2	1V8
DIMM_AM335x	3V3
DIMM-MX6x	3V3

6 Functional Description

6.1 List of features

The DIMM-Eco-Base Verno provides the following interfaces and functions. Depending to the used CPU module there will be some differences which are described later in the document.

- 200 pin SODIMM connector for processor modules
- 10/100Base-Tx Ethernet interface at RJ45 jack
- 1 x USB 2.0 Device interface at Type-MINI A/B jack
- 1 x USB 2.0 Host interface at Type-A jack
- generic display interface for TFT displays with 18bpp including an interface for 4-wire resistive touch screens
- switched 5 Volt power source for display backlight
- 1 generic camera interface for CMOS cameras
- analog audio with stereo headphone output at 3.5mm audio jacks
- 1 micro SD-Card socket
- up to 5 serial ports, one as RS232 at D-SUB-9 jack, the other as LVTTL
- 1 CAN DSUB-9 connector, depending on the CPU module
- Connector for one CAN channel (LVTTL), depending on the CPU module
- 30 pin header for SPI, I2C, analog input and GPIOs
- 16-Bit I2C-I/O-Expander for 14 GPIO's
- I2C revision EEPROM
- Spread Spectrum Oscillator
- 1 reset button
- Battery holder for RTC backup, CR1632
- Power jack +5V

6.2 Features and specificities

Most of the features which are available with Verno work as described on the Core module hardware documentation because the base board only provides the connectors.

Legend:
"Core": feature from the Core module; please refer to the Cores hardware documentation to know how to use it.
"Base": feature is specific to the Verno base board; all information on how to use it are given in the present manual
"NA": not applicable; this feature is not available with the specified Core module

Feature	DIMM-SH7723	DIMM-SH7724	DIMM-MX257	DIMM-MX53x	DIMM_EMEV2	DIMM-AM335x	DIMM-MX6x
Ethernet	Core	Core	Core	Core	Core	Core	Core
USB 2.0 Host	Core	Core	Core	Core	Core	Core	Core
USB 2.0 Device	Core	Core	Core[5]	Core[5]	Core	Core[5]	Core[5]
TFT Display (generic)	Core	Core	Core	Core	Core	Core	Core
Touch Screen	Core	Core	Core	Core	Core	Core	Core
Camera Input	Core	Core	Optional[1]	Core	Core	n/a	Core
Analog Audio	Base	Base	Base	Base	Base	Base	Base
microSD-Card Socket	Core	Core	Core	Core	Core	Core	Core
UART (-A) RS232	Core	Core	Core	Core	Core	Core	Core
UART (-B, -C, -D, -E)	4 ports	3 ports	3 ports	4 ports	3 ports	3 ports	4 ports
LVTTL	Core	Core	Core	Core	Core	Core	Core
IrDA	Core	Core	3 ports Core	4 ports Core	n/a	n/a	4 ports Core
CAN	n/a	1 port Core	1 port Core	1 port Core[4]	1 port Core	1 port Core	1 port Core
CAN (LVTTL)	n/a	n/a	1 port Core	1 port Core	n/a	1 port Core	1 port Core
SPI	Core	Core	Core	Core	Core	Core	Core
I²C	Core	Core	Core	Core	Core	Core	Core
GPIO	14 + min. 4 GPIOs[2]	14 + 10 GPIOs[2]	14+ 6 GPIOs[2]	14+ 8 GPIOs[2]	14 + 9 GPIOs[2]	14+ 8 GPIOs[2]	14+ 8 GPIOs[2]

Analog Inputs	1 input Core	n/a	1 input Core	n/a	1 input Core	1 input Core	n/a
Spread Spectrum oscillator	Base[3]	Base[3]	n/a	Base[3]	Base[3]	n/a	Base[3]

1: Please ask emtrion for more information.

2: 14 GPIO's are realized on the base, via a GPIO Expander. The others are Core module dependent.

3: Spread spectrum oscillator is located on the base and clock signal is routed to the Core module.

4: CAN is only supported by the DIMM-MX537 and not by DIMM-MX535.

5: If needed an USB Host can be realized on that interface. Please contact emtrion for more information

6.3 DIMM interface, J9

The DIMM interface is a standardized interface between the DIMM CPU boards from emtrion and carrier boards. The interface consists of a 200 pin SODIMM connector with 2.5V keying which is commonly used for DDR1 memory modules [1].
All peripheral functions of the CPU boards and a memory bus interface are available at this connection. Also power is supplied via the SODIMM interface. Mechanical characteristics and a general pinout specification can be found later in this document. Individual differences of the CPU boards can be found in their appropriate manuals.

Watch:
The pin assignment is specific for the emtrion boards and must not be used for other boards.

6.4 Ethernet, J10

A 10/100 MBit TX Ethernet interface is available via the RJ45 jack J10. The jack has integrated magnetic whose DC level can be sourced by 1.8V or 3.3V. The supply voltage must be configured by the jumper J4 depending on the used CPU module:

CPU module	Voltage
DIMM-SH7723	1.8V
DIMM-SH7724	3.3V
DIMM-MX257	3.3V
DIMM-MX53x	3.3V
DIMM_EMEV2	1.8V
DIMM_AM335x	3.3V
DIMM-MX6x	3.3V

Two LEDs show the signal traffic (LINK_LED#, green) and 100 MBit transfer speed (SPEED_LED#, green).

6.5 USB Host, J18

The USB Host interface of the CPU board is connected to the USB Type-A connector J18. The used EMC filters are dimensioned for High Speed Mode with 480 MBaud.

The VBUS output of the USB Host connector is controlled by an USB power switch. It can provide up to 5W.

The USB power switch can be controlled by the CPU module by the signal *USBH_PEN#*. Low switches the power on, a high (default) switch it off. An overcurrent is reported to the CPU by the signal *USBH_OC#*. Low indicates an overcurrent. High indicates no overcurrent (default).

The USB data signals, the two control signals and the switched VBUS signal are routed to the SODIM connector. The VBUS signal to the SODIMM connector is not a power supply. The DIMM module has the possibility to check the availability of VBUS.

6.6 USB Device, J23

The USB device interface is available at the USB Mini A/B connector J23 for revision R3 and newer. On older Verno baseboards the USB Device interface is available at the USB-B connector J3. The used EMC filters are dimensioned for High Speed Mode with 480 MBaud. All other characteristics

depend on the CPU module. The USB data signals and the VBUS signal are routed to the SODIMM connector.

6.7 Graphic Output

The DIMM-Eco-Base Verno base board supports a generic interface for TFT displays with RGB or 80-Series interface.

The LCD interface is limited to 18bpp color depth. Other parameters, like resolution or clocks, depend on the used CPU module.

The colour mapping depends on the CPU module and is described its manuals.

6.7.1 Generic Display Interface, J1

The display interface J1 is a generic DF13-40 type connector that includes all signals needed to connect TFT displays with 18 bit color depth. It also includes signals for a 4-wire touch screen interface and an I2C interface.

Please ask emtrion to find out which displays are supported.

6.7.2 Backlight Supply, J5

The connector J5 is a 2 pin header which is intended to supply the power for the backlight of the connected generic TFT display. J5 is connected via a power switch to the +5V voltage. The power switch is controlled by the *LCD_DON* signal at pin 72 of the SODIMM connector. A low (default) at *LCD_DON* switch the voltage off, a high switch it on.

6.7.3 Spread Spectrum Oscillator

Normally the CPU clock is used as clock source for the LCD controller. But often displays have a big influence in EMC tests. Therefore a spread spectrum oscillator is provided on the Verno board. A spread spectrum oscillator spreads the clock frequency in a specific domain, resulting in a signal with a wider bandwidth.

As default the Verno provides a 32MHz clock, which is spread by +/- 1,4%, at the SODIMM interface. The DIMM-SH7723, DIMM-SH7724 and DIMM-MX53x CPU modules can use this clock as external input for the LCD controller. At the DIMM-MX257 this function is not available. Please ask emtrion if other external clock frequencies are needed.

The switching between internal and external LCD clock can be done by software.

6.8 Camera Interface, J2

The VIO1 interface of the SODIMM interface can be used as a generic interface where a CMOS camera module can be connected.

The camera interface is routed as the generic interface to a 26 pin header J2 to connect CMOS camera modules. It includes the 4:2:2 YCbCr interface with data and control signals, the I^2C-Bus, power down and reset signals and the supply voltages 3.3 V and 5 V.

As reset signal the global reset is used. If the used camera modules support the power down function, they can be powered down by the SODIMM signal *PWRDWN_CAM*.

PWRDWN_CAM	Mode
0	Running (default)
1	Powered down

Please ask emtrion for details of supported CMOS camera modules.

Attention: The pin assignment of the connector J2 has changed for the board revision 3.

6.9 Analog Audio

The DIMM-Eco-Base Verno provides the high performance audio codec TLV320AIC23 [8]. The digital audio interface is connected to the SODIMM connector; the I^2C-Bus (chip address 0x1B) is used for the control interface.
The codec provides a stereo headphone output (30mW into a 32 Ω load), at the 3.5mm audio jack J19.

6.10 MicroSD-Card Socket, J8

A microSD-Card socket J8 is available. All signals are directly connected to the SODIMM interface SDC1 without any further provisions. Thus the characteristics depend on the used CPU board. The write protect signal of the SDC1 interface is connected to GND, that the microSD-Card is never write protected.

6.11 CAN Interfaces

The DIMM-Eco-Base Verno base board supports two CAN channels, because many of emtrion's CPU modules provide CAN controllers with up to two channels.

The following CPU modules supports CAN:

CPU module	CAN CH1	CAN CH2
DIMM-SH7723	n/a	n/a
DIMM-SH7724	Yes	n/a
DIMM-MX257	Yes	Yes
DIMM-MX537	Yes	Yes
DIMM-EMEV2	Yes	n/a
DIMM-AM335x	Yes	Yes
DIMM-MX6x	Yes	Yes

6.11.1 CAN 1 Interface, J15

The CAN channel 1 is routed to D-SUB connector J15. A high-speed CAN transceiver is realized on the base, so that the CAN interface can directly connected to a CAN network. If this interface is an endpoint a 120Ω resistor can be included by setting a jumper on connector J6.

6.11.2 CAN 2 Interface, J20

The transmit and receive signals of CAN channel 2 are routed together with 3.3V and GND to the pin header J20. The signals have LVTTL level without a CAN transceiver.

Ask emtrion for an adapter with integrated transceiver and D-SUB connector for CAN channel 2.

6.12 Serial Ports

The DIMM-Eco-Base Verno base board supports up to 5 serial ports, depending on the used CPU module. The ports are named UART_A to UART_E.

UART_A is available at the D-SUB jack J14 as standard RS232 interfaces. UART_B, UART_C, UART_D and UART_E are connected with LVTTL level to the pin header J11. The LVTTL signals can be adapted to the customer's needs by adding the appropriate signal drivers (e.g. RS232, RS548, RS422 etc.). By using the adapter cable ADA_RS232 from emtrion the LVTTL signals also can be used as RS232 interface.

DIMM-SH7723:

Port	Level	Handshake	CPU-IF	Remarks
UART_A	RS232	RTS, CTS	SCIF3	RS232 transceiver on CPU module
UART_B	LVTTL	-	SCIF5	
UART_C	LVTTL	-	SCIF4	
UART_D	LVTTL	-	SCIF2	
UART_E	LVTTL	-	SCIF1	

DIMM-SH7724:

Port	Level	Handshake	CPU-IF	Remarks
UART_A	RS232	RTS, CTS	SCIF3	RS232 transceiver on CPU module
UART_B	LVTTL	-	SCIF4	
(UART_C)	LVTTL	-	SCIF5	optional
UART_D	LVTTL	-	SCIF2	
UART_E	LVTTL	-	SCIF0	

DIMM-MX257:

Port	Level	Handshake	CPU-IF	Remarks
UART_A	RS232	RTS, CTS	UART1	RS232 transceiver on CPU module
UART_B	LVTTL	-	UART3	
UART_D	LVTTL	-	UART5	
UART_E	LVTTL	-	UART2	

DIMM-MX53x:

Port	Level	Handshake	CPU-IF	Remarks
UART_A	RS232	RTS, CTS	UART1	RS232 transceiver on CPU module
UART_B	LVTTL	-	UART3	
UART_C	LVTTL	-	UART4	
UART_D	LVTTL	-	UART5	
UART_E	LVTTL	-	UART2	

DIMM-EMEV2:

Port	Level	Handshake	CPU-IF	Remarks
UART_A	RS232	RTS, CTS	UART0	RS232 transceiver on CPU module
UART_B	LVTTL	-	UART1	
UART_C	LVTTL	-	UART2	
UART_D	LVTTL	-	UART3	

DIMM-AM335x:

Port	Level	Handshake	CPU-IF	Remarks
UART_A	RS232	RTS, CTS	UART0	RS232 transceiver on CPU module
UART_B	LVTTL	-	UART1	
UART_C	LVTTL	-	UART4	
UART_D	LVTTL	-	UART3	
UART_E	LVTTL	RTS, CTS	UART3	

DIMM-MX6x:

Port	Level	Handshake	CPU-IF	Remarks
UART_A	RS232	RTS, CTS	UART2	RS232 transceiver on CPU module
UART_B	LVTTL	-	UART1	
UART_C	LVTTL	-	UART3	
UART_D	LVTTL	-	UART4	
UART_E	LVTTL	-	UART5	

6.13 IrDA Ports

Each UART LVTTL port of DIMM-MX257, DIMM-MX53x and DIMM-MX6x can also be used as low speed Infrared port (IrDA v1.0). The IrDA ports are available on the pin header J11, if the port is not used as UART port. The UART and IrDA ports use the same transmit and receive signals.

DIMM-MX257:

Port	Level	CPU-IF
UART_B	LVTTL	IrDA3
UART_D	LVTTL	IrDA5
UART_E	LVTTL	IrDA2

DIMM-MX53x:

Port	Level	CPU-IF
UART_B	LVTTL	IrDA3
UART_C	LVTTL	IrDA4
UART_D	LVTTL	IrDA5
UART_E	LVTTL	IrDA2

DIMM-MX6x:

Port	Level	CPU-IF
UART_B	LVTTL	IrDA1
UART_C	LVTTL	IrDA3
UART_D	LVTTL	IrDA4
UART_E	LVTTL	IrDA5

The DIMM-SH7723 and the DIMM-SH7724 support IrDA v1.2a. The IrDA signals of these modules use the SODIMM GPIO pins GPIO_8 (RXD) and GPIO_9 (TXD).

6.14 I/O Extension, J12

The 22 pin header J12 includes up to 10 GPIOs, one SPI interface and an I^2C-Bus interface.

The I²C-Bus interface is decoupled to the onboard bus devices via a repeater circuit. The signals are directly connected with the SODIMM connector. Their individual characteristics depend on the used CPU board. See the connector description later in this manual.

6.15 I²C Bus

At the DIMM-Eco-Base Verno are several I²C-Bus clients:

Device	Slave	Chip Address (7Bit)
Audio Codec	TLV320AIC23	0x1B
16Bit I/O-Expander	PCA9555	0x26
EEPROM board revision	24LC01B	0x51
Generic LCD Interface	PCA8574APW PCA9530	0x3A 0x60
Camera Interface	CAM-IF	Depends on used camera

Further addresses are allocated by I²C devices used at the CPU modules. Please refer to the hardware manual of the used CPU module.

6.16 I²C Revision EEPROM

The CPU module can detect the type and revision of the base board by reading an EEPROM connected to the I²C bus. The 7-Bit address is 0x51. The write protection of the EEPROM is controlled by the jumper J7. If the jumper is not plugged the EEPROM is write protected. If the jumper is plugged, the EEPROM is no write protected.

The DIMM-ECOBase Verno baseboard code is 0xC4.

6.17 I²C GPIO Extension, J16

A 16bit I²C GPIO expander is connected to the I²C bus. The 7-Bit address is 0x26. 14 GPIO's (Port0[7:0] and Port1[5:0]) are routed to the GPIO connector J16. The GPIO's can assert an interrupt via the signal GPIO_IRQ#. 2 expander ports (Port1[7:6]) are used for Verno internal function.

Port1[7]; 12MHz clock disable:

This signal can disable the 12MHz audio clock. If this signal is low the 12MHz is disabled, if high (default) it is enabled.

Port1[6]; USBOTG Host Select:

If the USB Mini A/B connector shall be used as a USB Host or OTG interface the USB Host control signals (Power Enable, ID, overcurrent) are multiplexed to the SODIMM GPIO's GPIO1, GPIO2 and GPIO3. If that signal is low, the USB Host control signals are routed to the SODIMM GPIO pins. If it is high (default) the GPIO's of the extension connector J12 are routed to the SODIMM GPIO pins.

6.18 Analog Input

Depending on the CPU module an analog input is available on the I/O extension connector J12. Their individual characteristics depend on the used CPU board. A 100 Ohm series resistor is implemented in the analog input signal.

6.19 Reset Button, S1

A reset button S1 is placed at the right side of the DIMM-Eco-Base Verno. A reset of the CPU module (e.g. by a software reset) also resets the Verno base board.

For Verno base boards R3 and newer, a reset is only asserted if the reset button is pressed longer than 3 seconds. Immediately after pressing the button an interrupt (POWER_IRQ) is asserted and the operating system has the option to close the filesystem if necessary before the HW reset asserts.

For Verno baseboards R2 a reset is immediately asserted if the button S1 is pressed.

6.20 Power Supply

The Verno base board must be supplied by a +5Volt, +/- 5%, max. 2 A, wall adapter.

On the Verno there are two 3.3V power rails. The primary 3.3V power rail is routed from the 3.3V DCDC converter to the SODIMM connector. Via the SODIMM signal POWER_BASE_ON the secondary3.3V power rail is switch on. The Verno interface components are connected to the secondary 3.3V power rail. They are only supplied, if the CPU module allows it.

This feature is realized to avoid latch up effects at power up and power down.

6.20.1 Onboard Regulators

The DIMM-Eco-Base Verno has switching regulators for +5V (USB Host, Backlight), +3,3V (most of the base board functions and the CPU module) and +1,8V (Ethernet).

The 3,3V regulator has a green LED to show the status of the voltage on the board. If the LED is on, the voltage is good.

6.20.2 Power Consumption

The maximum available power for the complete system must not exceed 10W!

Important note:

Please make sure your connected devices like display, USB devices, cameras etc. including the Verno base board and the CPU module don't exceed the **15 Watt** limit! Otherwise this can damage your system!

6.21 Backup Battery

A battery holder J13 for lithium coin cell CR1632 is available to supply the RTC of the CPU boards.

7 Pin Assignments

7.1 J9, SODIMM connector

Type 200 pin SODIMM socket, 0.6 mm Pitch, 2,5V keying

Pin	Signal	Interface		Signal	Pin
1	SPEED_LED#	Ethernet	USB Host	USBH_PEN#	2
3	ETH_TDP			USBH_OC#	4
5	ETH_TDM			USBH_DM	6
7	GND			USBH_DP	8
9	ETH_RDP		USB Device	USBF_VBUS	10
11	ETH_RDM			USBF_DM	12
13	LINK_LED#			USBF_DP	14
15	USBH_VBUS[1]	USB Host	Power	GND	16
17	CAN1_TX	CAN	UART-A	UART_A_TXD#	18
19	CAN1_RX			UART_A_RXD#	20
21	UART_E_TXD	UART-E		UART_A_RTS#	22
23	UART_E _RXD			UART_A_CTS#	24
25	UART_D_TXD	UART-D	Touch	Touch_XP	26
27	UART_D_RXD			Touch_XM	28
29	UART_C_TXD	UART-C		Touch_YP	30
31	UART_C_RXD			Touch_YM	32
33	UART_B_TXD	UART-B	A/D	ANA1	34
35	UART_B_RXD			n/c	36
37	n/c	A/D		n/c	38
39	+3V3	Power		GND	40
41	n/c	LCD		n/c	42
43	n/c			n/c	44
45	n/c			n/c	46
47	LCD_D16			LCD_D17	48
49	LCD_D14			LCD_D15	50
51	LCD_D12			LCD_D13	52

53	LCD_D10			LCD_D11	**54**
55	LCD_D8			LCD_D9	**56**
57	LCD_D6			LCD_D7	**58**
59	LCD_D4			LCD_D5	**60**
61	LCD_D2			LCD_D3	**62**
63	LCD_D0			LCD_D1	**64**
65	+3V3	**Power**		GND	**66**
67	LCDRD#	**LCD**		LCD_LCLK	**68**
69	LCD_DISP			LCD_DCK	**70**
71	LCD_HSYN			LCD_DON	**72**
73	LCD_VSYN			LCD_VCPWC	**74**
75	n/c			LCD_VEPWC	**76**
77	n/c	**VIO**		CAM_D7	**78**
79	n/c			CAM_D6	**80**
81	n/c			CAM_D5	**82**
83	CAM_CLK			CAM_D4	**84**
85	CAM_HD			CAM_D3	**86**
87	CAM_VD			CAM_D2	**88**
89	PWRDWN_CAM			CAM_D1	**90**
91	n/c			CAM_D0	**92**
93	+3V3	**Power**		GND	**94**
95	SPI2_MISO[2]	**SDC2**	**SDC1**	SDC1_D0	**96**
97	n/c			SDC1_D1	**98**
99	n/c			SDC1_D2	**100**
101	SPI2_SS#[2]			SDC1_D3	**102**
103	SPI2_MOSI[2]			SDC1_CMD	**104**
105	SPI2_CLK[2]			SDC1_CLK	**106**
107	n/c			SDC1_CD#	**108**
109	n/c			SDC1_WP# (GND)	**110**
111	SPI1_SS#	**SPI**		SPI1_MISO	**112**
113	SPI1_SCK			SPI1_MOSI	**114**

115	SCL	**I2C**	**Audio**	AUDIO_BCK	**116**
117	SDA			AUDIO_LRC	**118**
119	n/c			AUDIO_DATI	**120**
121	n/c			AUDIO_DATO	**122**
123	GND	**Power**		AUDIO_MCLK	**124**
125	GPIO8/CAN2_RX	**GPIO**		GPIO9/CAN2_TX	**126**
127	GPIO6			GPIO7	**128**
129	GPIO4			GPIO5	**130**
131	GPIO2			GPIO3	**132**
133	GPIO0			GPIO1	**134**
135	POWER_ON_BASE	**Power**		GND	**136**
137	n/c	**Address A[15:0]**		n/c	**138**
139	n/c			n/c	**140**
141	n/c			n/c	**142**
143	n/c			n/c	**144**
145	n/c			n/c	**146**
147	n/c			n/c	**148**
149	n/c			n/c	**150**
151	n/c			n/c	**152**
153	n/c			n/c	**154**
155	n/c			n/c	**156**
157	n/c			n/c	**158**
159	n/c			n/c	**160**
161	+3V3	**Power**		GND	**162**
163	n/c	**Data D[15:0]**		n/c	**164**
165	n/c			n/c	**166**
167	n/c			n/c	**168**
169	n/c			n/c	**170**
171	n/c			n/c	**172**
173	n/c			n/c	**174**
175	n/c			n/c	**176**

177	n/c			n/c	**178**
179	n/c			n/c	**180**
181	n/c			n/c	**182**
183	n/c			GPIO_IRQ	**184**
185	n/c			POWER_IRQ	**186**
187	n/c		**Bus Control**	CAP_TOUCH_IRQ#	**188**
189	n/c			RESO#	**190**
191	n/c			RESI#	**192**
193	n/c			n/c	**194**
195	n/c			n/c	**196**
197	n/c			n/c	**198**
199	BAT		**Power**	GND	**200**

1: USBH_VBUS is generated on the Base and it is routed to the Core module that it can be monitored.

2: The DIMM-7724 has routed a second SPI interface to the SDC2 pins of the SODIMM interface.

7.2 J1, Generic TFT Connector

Type: 40 pin connector, Hirose DF13-40, 1.25 mm * 1.25 mm pitch

Pin	Signal	Pin	Signal
1	LCD VEPWC	**2**	LCD VCPWC
3	SDA	**4**	SCL
5	LCDRD#	**6**	CAP_TOUCH_IRQ#
7	TFT_VCC	**8**	TFT_VCC
9	DE	**10**	GND
11	BLUE5	**12**	BLUE4
13	BLUE3	**14**	BLUE2
15	BLUE1	**16**	BLUE0
17	GND	**18**	GREEN5
19	GREEN4	**20**	GREEN3
21	GREEN2	**22**	GREEN1

23	GREEN0	**24**	GND
25	RED5	**26**	RED4
27	RED3	**28**	RED2
29	RED1	**30**	RED0
31	GND	**32**	VSYNC
33	HSYNC	**34**	DOTCLK
35	GND	**36**	TFT_VCC
37	Touch_XP	**38**	Touch_YP
39	Touch_XM	**40**	Touch_YM

7.3 J5, Backlight Power Supply

Type: 2 pin header, 2.54 mm pitch

Pin	Signal
1	+5V
2	GND

7.4 J14, UART-A

Type: DSUB-9 male

Pin	Signal	Pin	Signal
1	n/c	**6**	n/c
2	UART_A_RXD#	**7**	UART_A_RTS#
3	UART_A_TXD#	**8**	UART_A_CTS#
4	n/c	**9**	n/c
5	GND		

7.5 J11, UART-B, C, D, E

Type: 2*6 pin header, 2.54 mm pitch

Pin	Signal	Pin	Signal
1	+3.3V	**2**	UART_B_RXD*
3	GND	**4**	UART_B_TXD*
5	UART_E_TXD	**6**	UART_C_RXD*
7	UART_E_RXD	**8**	UART_C_TXD*

9	UART_D_TXD	**10**	GND
11	UART_D_RXD	**12**	+3.3V

*: On revision 1 boards the UART_B and UART_C interfaces are swapped.

7.6 J2, Generic Camera Connector

Type: 2*13 pin header, 1.27 mm pitch

Attention: The pin assignment has changed for the board revision 3.

Pin	Signal	Pin	Signal
1	n/c	**2**	GND
3	+5V	**4**	GND
5	CAM_D0	**6**	CAM_D1
7	CAM_D2	**8**	CAM_D3
9	CAM_D4	**10**	CAM_D5
11	CAM_D6	**12**	CAM_D7
13	GND	**14**	GND
15	CAM_VD	**16**	PWRDOWN_CAM#
17	CAM_HD	**18**	GND
19	CAM_CLK	**20**	RESO#
21	+3.3V	**22**	GND
23	SCL	**24**	SDA
25	+3.3V	**26**	GND

7.7 J15, CAN connector

Type: DSUB-9 male

Pin	Signal	Pin	Signal
1	n/c	**6**	n/c
2	CAN1_L	**7**	CAN1_H
3	GND	**8**	n/c
4	n/c	**9**	n/c
5	n/c		

7.8 J20, CAN LVTTL connector

Type: 1*5 pin header, 2.54 mm pitch

Pin	Signal
1	+3.3V
2	GND
3	CAN2_TX
4	CAN2_RX
5	n/c

7.9 J12, I/O Extension Connector

Type: 2*15 pin header, 2.54 mm pitch

Pin	Signal	Pin	Signal
1	GND	2	+3.3V
3	SPI1_SS#	4	GPIO_0
5	SPI1_SCK	6	GPIO_1
7	SPI1_MISO	8	GPIO_2
9	SPI1_MOSI	10	GPIO_3
11	GND	12	GPIO_4
13	SPI2_SS#	14	GPIO_5
15	SPI2_SCK	16	GPIO_6
17	SPI2_MISO	18	GPIO_7
19	SPI2_MOSI	20	GPIO_8
21	GND	22	GPIO_9
23	SCL	24	RESO#
25	SDA	26	RESI#
27	GND	28	+3.3V
29	ANA1	30	+3.3V

7.10 J16, GPIO Expander Connector

Type: 2*10 pin header, 2.54 mm pitch

Pin	Signal	Pin	Signal
1	+3.3V	2	GND
3	GPIO_I2C_0	4	GPIO_I2C_8
5	GPIO_I2C_1	6	GPIO_I2C_9
7	GPIO_I2C_2	8	GPIO_I2C_10
9	GPIO_I2C_3	10	GPIO_I2C_11
11	GPIO_I2C_4	12	GPIO_I2C_12
13	GPIO_I2C_5	14	GPIO_I2C_13
15	GPIO_I2C_6	16	n/c
17	GPIO_I2C_7	18	n/c
19	GND	20	+3.3V

7.11 J10, Ethernet Connector

Type: Rj45 Jack (8 pin)

Pin	Signal
1	ETH_TDP
2	ETH_TDM
3	ETH_RDP
4	n/c
5	n/c
6	ETH_RDM
7	n/c
8	n/c

7.12 J4, LAN transformer voltage connector

Type: 1*3 pin header, 2.54 mm pitch

Pin	Signal
1	+3.3V
2	LAN_voltage
3	+1.8V

7.13 J18, USB Host Connector

Type: USB A connector (4 pin)

Pin	Signal
1	USBH_VBUS
2	USBH_DM
3	USBH_DP
4	GND

7.14 J23, USB OTG Connector[1]

Type: USB mini AB connector (5 pin)

Pin	Signal
1	USBF_VBUS
2	USBF_DM
3	USBF_DP
4	USB_ID
5	GND

1: J23 is only available at Verno Boards with revision R3 and newer. Older Verno Boards have USB B connector J3.

7.15 J23, RTC Battery Holder

Type: Battery Holder for CR1632

Pin	Signal
1	GND
2	BAT +

7.16 J17, DC Power Jack

Type: KLDX-SMT-0202AP

Pin	Signal
Center Pin	+5V
Outer Ring	GND

8 Technical Characteristics

8.1 Electrical Specifications

Electrical Specification	
Supply Voltage	+5V, +/-5%
Current consumption	max. 2A

8.2 Environmental Specifications

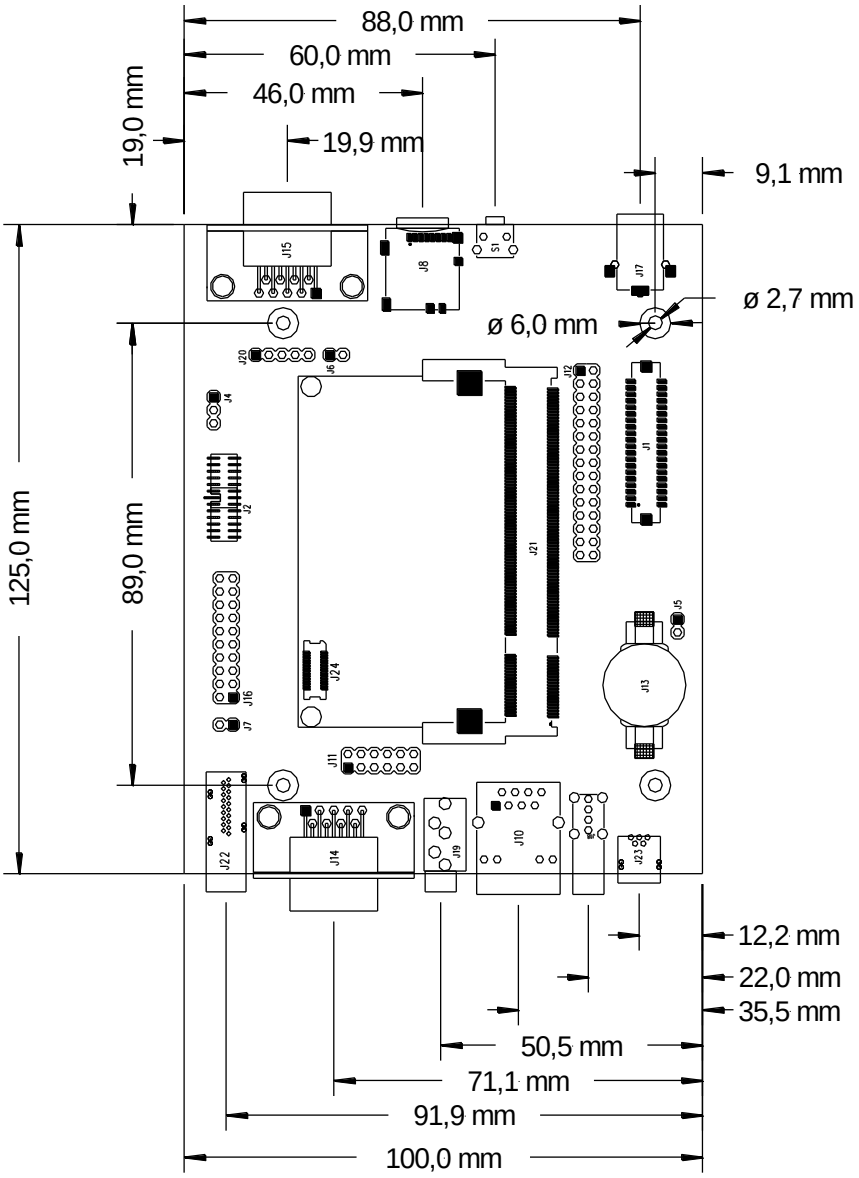
Operating temperature	
Standard	-25°C ... +85°C
Storage temperature	
Storage temperature	-40 ... +125°C
Relative humidity	
Relative humidity	0 ... 95 %, non-condensing

8.3 Mechanical Specifications

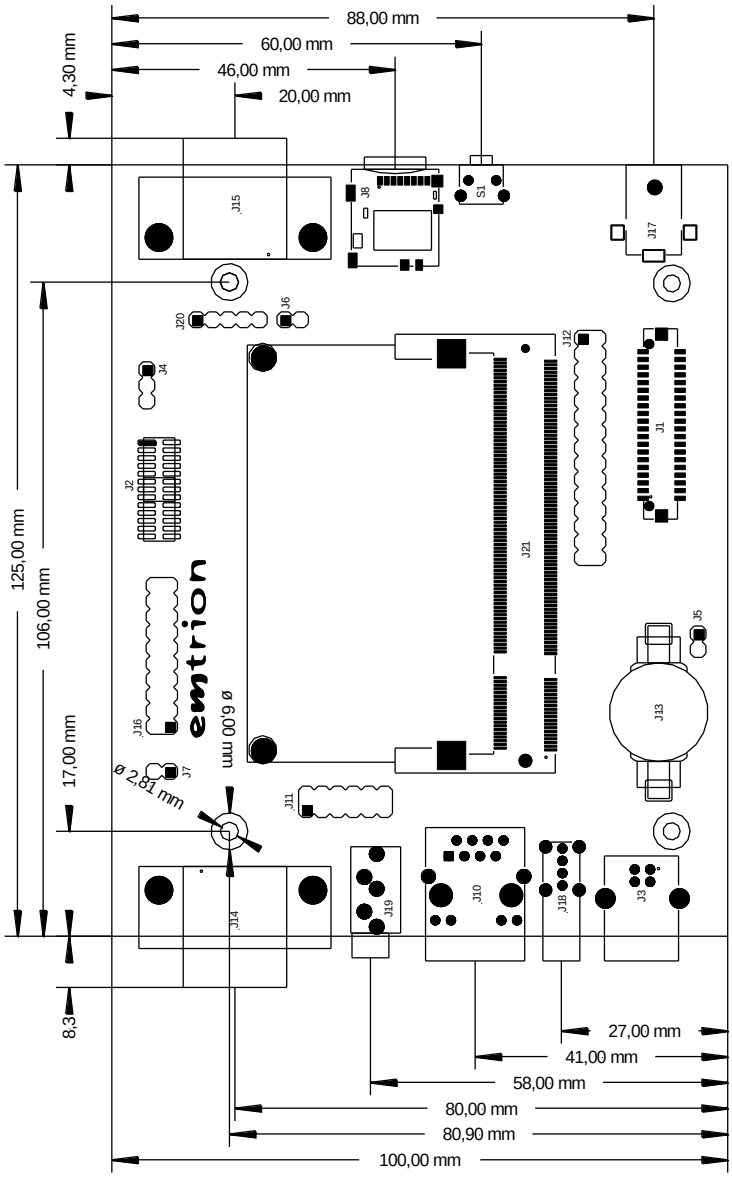
Mechanical Specifications	
Weight	approx. 102 g
Board	Glasepoxi FR-4, UL-listed, 4 layers
Dimensions	125 mm x 100 mm x 18 mm

8.3.1 Dimensional Drawing

8.3.1.1 Dimensional Drawing Revision R3 and R4



8.3.1.2 Dimensional Drawing Revision R2



9 References

[1] DDR1 & DDR2 SODIMM Socket 0.6 mm Pitch 200 Pos Standard Profile
Standard Type
Tyco Electronics
Part Number: 1473005-1

[2] TLV320AIC23B
Stereo Audio CODEC, 8- to 96-kHz, With Integrated Headphone Amplifier
February 2004
Texas Instruments